

choices. But I see no alternative to this amendment. We are out of options. We need the balanced budget amendment to force responsibility upon the Federal Government. We need a bold approach—a new approach—to end the dangerous habit of deficit spending.

This amendment presents our best chance, perhaps our only chance, to turn back the sea of red ink that threatens to engulf us. It's the first step to the establishment of a sound fiscal policy and accountability in the U.S. Congress.

Mr. President, it's time we stopped all the hand wringing over the Federal deficit. It's time we stopped dodging the issue. It's time we showed the courage and leadership demanded of us by the American people. It's time we passed a balanced budget amendment and sent it to the States for ratification. This is the legacy I want to leave our children.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 1

At the request of Mr. KEMP THORNE, the name of the Senator from Louisiana [Mr. JOHNSTON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 1, a bill to curb the practice of imposing unfunded Federal mandates on States and local governments; to strengthen the partnership between the Federal Government and State, local and tribal governments; to end the imposition, in the absence of full consideration by Congress, of Federal mandates on State, local, and tribal governments without adequate funding, in a manner that may displace other essential governmental priorities; and to ensure that the Federal Government pays the costs incurred by those governments in complying with certain requirements under Federal statutes and regulations; and for other purposes.

S. 2

At the request of Mr. CONRAD, his name was added as a cosponsor of S. 2, a bill to make certain laws applicable to the legislative branch of the Federal Government.

S. 3

At the request of Mr. DOLE, the name of the Senator from New York [Mr. D'AMATO] was added as a cosponsor of S. 3, a bill to control crime, and for other purposes.

S. 12

At the request of Mr. BREAUX, the name of the Senator from Colorado [Mr. CAMPBELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 12, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to encourage savings and investment through individual retirement accounts, and for other purposes.

S. 91

At the request of Mr. COVERDELL, the name of the Senator from Kentucky [Mr. MCCONNELL] was added as a cosponsor of S. 91, a bill to delay enforcement of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 until such time as Con-

gress appropriates funds to implement such Act.

S. 98

At the request of Mr. BRADLEY, the name of the Senator from Arkansas [Mr. BUMPERS] was added as a cosponsor of S. 98, a bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish a process to identify and control tax expenditures.

S. 111

At the request of Mr. DASCHLE, the name of the Senator from Nebraska [Mr. EXON] was added as a cosponsor of S. 111, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent, and to increase to 100 percent, the deduction of self-employed individuals for health insurance costs.

S. 122

At the request of Mr. MOYNIHAN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. LAUTENBERG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 122, a bill to prohibit the use of certain ammunition, and for other purposes.

S. 124

At the request of Mr. MOYNIHAN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey [Mr. LAUTENBERG] was added as a cosponsor of S. 124, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to increase the tax on handgun ammunition, to impose the special occupational tax and registration requirements on importers and manufacturers of handgun ammunition, and for other purposes.

SENATE RESOLUTION 36—ORIGINAL RESOLUTION REPORTED AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. PACKWOOD, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following original resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration:

S. RES. 36

Resolved, That, in carrying out its powers, duties, and functions under the Standing Rules of the Senate, in accordance with its jurisdiction under rule XXV of such rules, including holding hearings, reporting such hearings, and make investigations as authorized by paragraphs 1 and 8 of rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the Committee on Finance is authorized from March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, and March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, in its discretion (1) to make expenditures from the contingent fund of the Senate, (2) to employ personnel, and (3) with the prior consent of the Government department or agency concerned and the Committee on Rules and Administration, to use on a reimbursable, or non-reimbursable, basis the services of personnel of any such department or agency.

SEC. 2. The expenses of the committee for the period March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, under this resolution shall not exceed \$3,248,413, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended), and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such com-

mittee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946).

(b) For the period March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, expenses of the committee under this resolution shall not exceed \$3,333,157, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for the procurement of the services of individual consultants, or organizations thereof (as authorized by section 202(i) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, as amended), and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended for the training of the professional staff of such committee (under procedures specified by section 202(j) of the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946).

SEC. 3. The committee shall report its findings, together with such recommendations for legislation as it deems advisable, to the Senate at the earliest practicable date, but not later than February 28, 1996, and February 28, 1997, respectively.

SEC. 4. Expenses of the committee under this resolution shall be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee, except that vouchers shall not be required (1) for the disbursement of salaries of employees paid at an annual rate, (2) the payment of telecommunications provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, United States Senate, (3) for the payment of stationery supplies purchased through the Keeper of the Stationery, United States Senate, or (4) for payments to the Postmaster, United States Senate, or (5) for the payment of metered charges on copying equipment provided by the Office of the Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, United States Senate, or (6) for the payment of Senate Recording and Photographic Services.

SEC. 5. There are authorized such sums as may be necessary for agency contributions related to the compensation of employees of the committee from March 1, 1995, through February 28, 1996, and March 1, 1996, through February 28, 1997, to be paid from the Appropriations account for "Expenses of Inquiries and Investigations."

SENATE RESOLUTION 37—NATIONAL WOMEN AND GIRLS IN SPORTS DAY

Mr. PACKWOOD submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 37

Whereas women's athletics are one of the most effective avenues available for women of the United States to develop self-discipline, initiative, confidence, and leadership skills;

Whereas sports and fitness activities contribute to emotional and physical well-being;

Whereas women need strong bodies as well as strong minds;

Whereas the history of women in sports is rich and long, but there has been little national recognition of the significance of women's athletic achievements;

Whereas the number of women in leadership positions as coaches, officials, and administrators has declined drastically since the passage of title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972;

Whereas there is a need to restore women to leadership positions in athletics to ensure a fair representation of the abilities of women and to provide role models for young female athletes;

Whereas the bonds built between women through athletics help to break down the social barriers of racism and prejudice;

Whereas the communication and cooperation skills learned through athletic experience play a key role in the contributions of an athlete at home, at work, and to society;

Whereas women's athletics has produced such winners as Flo Hyman, whose spirit, talent, and accomplishments distinguished her above others and who exhibited the true meaning of fairness, determination, and team play;

Whereas parents feel that sports are equally important for boys and girls and that sports and fitness activities provide important benefits to girls who participate;

Whereas early motor-skill training and enjoyable experiences of physical activity strongly influence life-long habits of physical fitness;

Whereas the performances of female athletes in the Olympic Games are a source of inspiration and pride to the United States;

Whereas the athletic opportunities for male students at the collegiate and high school levels remain significantly greater than those for female students; and

Whereas the number of funded research projects focusing on the specific needs of women athletes is limited and the information provided by these projects is imperative to the health and performance of future women athletes: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That—

(1) February 2, 1995, and February 1, 1996, are each designated as "National Women and Girls in Sports Day"; and

(2) the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation calling on local and State jurisdictions, appropriate Federal agencies, and the people of the United States to observe those days with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

THE CONGRESSIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY ACT

WELLSTONE AMENDMENT NO. 9

Mr. WELLSTONE proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 2) to make certain laws applicable to the legislative branch of the Federal Government; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . It is the sense of the Senate that the Senate should consider comprehensive gift ban legislation no later than May 31, 1995.

KERRY AMENDMENT NO. 10

Mr. KERRY proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following new section:

SEC. . RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONAL USE OF CAMPAIGN FUNDS.

Section 313 of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 539a) is amended—

(1) by striking "Amounts received" and inserting "(a) Amounts received"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(b)(1) Any candidate who receives contributions may not use such contributions for personal use.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'personal use' shall include, but not be limited to—

"(A) a home purchase, mortgage, or rental;

"(B) articles of clothing for the use of the candidate or members of the candidate's im-

mediate family (other than standard campaign souvenirs, articles, or materials traditionally offered or provided in connection with bona fide campaign events);

"(C) travel and related expenses that are substantially recreational in nature;

"(D) entertainment, such as sporting events, theater events, or other similar activities, except when offered or provided by the campaign in connection with a bona fide campaign fundraising event;

"(E) fees or dues for membership in any club or recreational facility;

"(F) automobile expenses within the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area (except that a candidate whose district falls within the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, may lease automobiles used for campaign purposes consistent with subparagraph (G));

"(G) any other automobile expense, except that a campaign may lease automobiles for campaign purposes if it requires that, if the automobile is used for any other incidental use, the campaign receives reimbursement not later than 30 days after such incidental use;

"(H) any meal or refreshment on any occasion not directly related to a specific campaign activity;

"(I) salaries or per diem payments to the candidate; and

"(J) other expenditures determined by the Federal Election Commission to be personal in nature.

"(3) Any personal expenditure described in paragraph (2) shall not be considered to be an ordinary and necessary expense incurred in connection with a Member's or Member-elect's duties as a holder of Federal office."

LEAHY AMENDMENT NO. 11

Mr. LEAHY proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2, supra; as follows:

At the end of the bill add the following.
"No Congressional organization or organization affiliated with the Congress, may request that any current or prospective employee fill out a questionnaire or similar document in which the person's views on organizations or policy matters are requested."

BINGAMAN (AND LEVIN) AMENDMENT NO. 12

Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2, supra; as follows:

At the end of title V add the following:

SEC. 508. SENSE OF SENATE REGARDING ADOPTION OF SIMPLIFIED AND STREAMLINED ACQUISITION PROCEDURES FOR SENATE ACQUISITIONS.

It is the sense of the Senate that the Committee on Rules and Administration of the Senate should review the rules applicable to purchases by Senate offices to determine whether they are consistent with the acquisition simplification and streamlining laws enacted in the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-355).

GLENN AMENDMENT NO. 13

Mr. GLENN proposed an amendment to amendment No. 4 proposed by Mr. FORD to the bill S. 2, supra; as follows:

At the end of the Amendment add the following:

(d) APPLICABILITY TO LEGISLATIVE BRANCH.

(1) The requirements of section 6008 of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 (5 U.S.C. 5702 note) shall apply to the Legislative branch, except that the responsibilities of the Administrator of General Serv-

ices under such section shall be exercised as prescribed in paragraph (2).

(2) The responsibilities of the Administrator of General Services under section 6008(a) of the Federal Acquisition Streamlining Act of 1994 shall be exercised, with respect to the Senate, by the Committee on Rules and Administration, with respect to the House of Representatives, by the Committee on House Oversight, and, with respect to each instrumentality of the Legislative branch other than the Senate and the House of Representatives, by the head of such instrumentality. The responsibilities of the Administrator of General Services under section 6008(c) of such Act shall be exercised, with respect to each instrumentality of the Legislative branch other than the Senate and the House of Representatives, by the head of such instrumentality.

(e) EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.—The provisions of this section that apply to the House of Representatives and the Senate are enacted—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House of Representatives and the Senate, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as part of the rules of such House, respectively, and such rules shall supersede other rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent therewith; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change such rules (so far as relating to such House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of each House.

WELLSTONE (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 14

Mr. WELLSTONE (for himself, Mr. BUMPERS, Mr. SIMON, Mr. DODD, and Mr. KENNEDY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, add the following new title:

TITLE —IMPACT OF LEGISLATION ON CHILDREN

SEC. 1. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that Congress should not enact or adopt any legislation that will increase the number of children who are hungry or homeless.

SEC. 2. LEGISLATIVE ACCOUNTABILITY FOR IMPACT ON CHILDREN

(a) DUTIES OF CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The report accompanying each bill or joint resolution of a public character reported by any committee of the Senate or of the House of Representatives shall contain a detailed analysis of the probable impact of the bill or resolution on children, including the impact on the children who are hungry or homeless.

(b) ENFORCEMENT.—

(1) SENATE.—It shall not be in order for the Senate to consider any bill or joint resolution described in subsection (a) that is reported by any committee of the Senate if the report of the committee on the bill or resolution does not comply with the provisions of subsection (a) on the objection of any Senator.

(2) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—It shall not be in order for the House of Representatives to consider a rule or order that waives the application of subsection (a) to a bill or joint resolution described in subsection (a) that is reported by any committee of the House of Representatives.

NOTICES OF HEARING

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. LUGAR. Mr. President, the organizational meeting for the Committee